THE END CAME IN HIS POLICE STATION.

CARLER OF THE POPULAR OFFICER-HIS ILL-

NESS LASTED ONLY A FEW DAYS. Police Captain John H. McCullagh died in his room in the East Thirty-fifth-st. police station yesterday morning. His illness was so brief that most members of the department did not know he had been sick until they heard of his death. He became ill suddely in the police station a week ago, and was ap-parently suffering from rheumatism and quinsy. Dr. oppenheim, who was called to attend him, said that was too sick to be moved to his home in Irvington. police Surgeon Fluhrer, who was called later, conred and advised keeping the patient in his room in the police station. On Saturday Captain McCullagh was so much improved that he expected to go to rington on Sunday, but he had a relapse on Sunday oon, when he suffered from purpura haemagica, with quinsy complication. He was in danof choking to death then, and Drs. Pfetfler and ips, of the Eye and Ear Infirmary, were called onsultation. They performed the operation of other to enable him to breathe more freely, ued to grow weaker. His cousin, Police Captain John McCullagh, of the Prince-st. squad, was led to his side, and his family in Irvington reeved information that his life was in danger. He ged at 6 a. m. The cause of his death was said to purpura haemorrhagica.



CAPTAIN J. H. MCULLAGH.

Captain McCullagh. "the elder." as he was called to distinguish him from his cousin, was born in Ty-rone, Ireland, on January 18, 1842, and was brought years old. He worked on his father's farm at Irving-ton until be was appointed a special peliceman in the ton antil de was appointed a special policeman in the riots of 1863. In February, 1864, he was appointed a regular patrolman and sent to the Leonard-st. station. A year later he was assigned to serve under Captain Walling in the West Thirty-seventh-st. squad. For the arrest of "Dutch" Heinrich, a robber of freight ins, who was committed to prison for a long term, McCullagh was made a roundsman. He was shot in the neck by Policeman James S. Taylor, against whom had made several complaints of a serious nature. Taylor was sentenced to prison for five years and was sed from the force, while McCullagh was promoted to the rank of sergeant and placed in command the squad at the Grand Central Station. There McCullagh made the acquaintance of the late Commofore Vanderbilt, who took a liking to him and was said to have aided him later in obtaining promotion and in speculations in Wall Street. In the Orange riot McCullagh was shot in the leg. He was appointed s captain of the force on April 20, 1872.

For about lifteen years Captain McCullagh was in nd of the Fifth-st. squad, and he was known to be the enemy of the Anarchists who lived in his precinct. His life was threatened a number of times, out he was not attacked, although he broke up a ber of Anarchist meetings and arrested several of the most turbulent of the members of the organizadon. He was transferred to the East Thirty-fifth-st. tains after Mr. Byrnes became superintendent.

Captain McCullagh was a Republican and an attendant at Dr. Hall's Church, in Fifth-ave. He was aid to have acquired a fortune of about \$200,000 by occulations in Wall Street and by shrewd investments in real estate. He owned a handsome home in Irving-ton and several houses in the city. He left a wife and two sons, Henry and Edward. Henry is a student at Yale. Two younger children died of diphtheria several years ago.

several years ago.

Superintendent Byrnes called the inspectors and captains to the Central Office yesteriay afternoon, and they passed resolutions of regret for Captain McCullagh's death and sympathy for his family. Inspector Williams and Captains Alhaire, Berghold, killilea and Washburn were appointed a committee to assist the family in the arrangements for the funeral and to furnish a police escort, if the family desire it. It was said that the funeral would be held at Irvington and that the burial would be at Woodlawn.

LARGE GAME GROWING SCARCE IN THE WEST Viscount Ennismore, of Mallow, County Cork- Ireand, says that if the game laws in the West are not changed deer, elk and bear will soon be exterminated. Viscount Ennismore has just returned from a hunting trip in the Rocky Mountains, and large game there, he says, is getting scarce. "Mining and the advancement of civilization," said he, when seen at the Brunswick Hotel yesterday, "have driven the elk, deer and bear up near the snow line and hunters are so numerous that the animals are afraid to go to places where they can breed and increase their numbers. It is impossible for deer, antelope, bear and other large being driven from one part of the country to another. I heard of many cases where the mother of a litter f cubs was shot and the young permitted to die. In more cases the female bear, deer and antelope have en killed when they were about to give birth to their young. As it is the large game is exceedingly scarce, and the game laws ought to be changed so as to preserve the big animals of the forest and hills. If the right thing were done a law would be passed making it an offense to kill any large game for three years at least."

THE ART BOOTH WILL BE NOTABLE.

The Committee on Art of the Press Club Fair has been doing most effective work the last few days and the indications are that this department will be one of the most interesting and popular in the exhibition.
Willis Steell, the chairman of the committee, has been
to correspondence with a number of women for the
last week and the following have already signified their willingness to assist the committee and take charge of the art booth: Mrs. Frederick W. Vander-Ut, Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan, Mrs. David Thomson, Mrs. Olea Young, Mrs. T. C. T. Crain, Mrs. Jacob Hess, Mrs. Joseph N. frs. David Welsh and Mrs. Charles H. Raymond, 1t nown women will act as patronesses of the art booth. ong the artists who have generously contributed E. Daingerfield, H. W. Ranger and M. Voorhees. The punings contributed will be sold by the women who will take charge of the booth for the benefit of the building and charity fund of the club.

COL. AUSTEN IS RECEIVER OF TAXES.

Colonel David E. Austen was yesterday promoted Controller Myers to the office of Receiver of Taxes. all the vacancy caused by the death of Major new receiver filed bonds in \$40,000, his sureties Louis C. Tiffany and William Cauldwell. Finance Department for several years before his Affed Vrodenburgh in October, 1892. Prior to that the Colonel was an entry clerk in the rotunda of the Castom House. He is colonel of the 13th Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., of Brooklyn.

THE CONTROLLER FAVORS AN EXTRA SESSION. Controller Myers returned to his labors in the inance Department looking as if the bad inaugura-ten weather at Washington had made no inroads on

YOUR HEALTH

depend upon the way you treat the warnings which nature gives. A few bottles of S. S. S. taken at the proper time may insure good health for a year or two. Therefore act at once, for it is important that nature be resisted at the right time. S. S. S. never fails to relieve so system of impurities, and is an excellent tonic also.

HE WANTS TO ADD DES NAME.

CAPT. J. H. M'CULLAGH DEAD. Location the Best in the City.

BUCKINGHAM HOTEL.

Fifth Avenue, New-York.

This popular house, having been greatly enlarged by the addition (on Fifth Avenue) of

An Absolutely Fire-Proof Building,

is now open for the reception of guests, permanent or transient.

The hotel has been beautifully decorated. The newest and most approved plumbing has been added, with perfect ventilation, and all the appointments of a first-class house. The cuisine has a wide reputation for its excellence, Music Wednesday and Saturday evenings in the Grand Dining Room.

Tariff.—Single rooms, \$1 to \$1.50 per day. Domble rooms, with bath attached, \$2 and upward. Magnificent suites, perior large, airy bedroom, with bath and dressing room attached, \$60 and upward, according to size and location. WETHERBEE & FULLER, Proprietors.

his constitution. "We had a great time." he said, "and nothing interfered with our complete enjoyment except the weather." In speaking of the monetary on the Controller said; "President Cleveland should call an extra session of Congress at once and recommend the immediate passage of a bill to repeal the Silver Purchase act. I believe this could be measure. But if Mr. Cleveland puts off the calling of an extra session party lines may be drawn and the relief which the country needs postponed until we are overtaken by financial disaster. All patriotic men should unite to put an end to this purchase of silver."

LAST AFFIDAVITS IN THE HARRIS CASE.

RECORDER SMYTH LIKELY TO HAND DOWN HIS DECISION SOON.

Affidavits were handed to Decorder Smyth yester day in support of and against the motion for a new trial in the case of Carlyle W. Harris, condemned to death for the murder of his wife. It yet remains to obtain the certificates to the genuineness of the notarial seals on the affidavits obtained in behalf of Harris in Pennsylvania. District-Attorney Nicoll has sent I. B. Ripinsky to obtain these. When the documents are laid before the Recorder there will be nothing more for counsel to do, as the arguments are ended. Recorder Smyth said yesterday that he would hand down his decision as soon as possible after all the papers were in his hands.

William F. Howe had sent in what were thought

to be all his affidavits last week, but he submitted additional ones yesterday. District-Attorney Nicoll made no objection, as he had no wish to take advantage of a mere technicality in this case of life or death. Mr. Howe sought to strengthen his testi-mony concerning the alleged habit of Miss Helen Potts of using morphine. Mr. Nicoll's affidavits tended to break the force of the assertions. Jo-eph Mr. Nicoll's affidavits Lefferts, an Asbury Park drug clerk, had sworn that in 1890 he sold Miss Potts 180 grains of morphine. The druggist who employed Lefferts J. H. Van Mater, made an affidavit that in 1890 there was less than fifty grains of poison in his shop. Charles E. Cook, a law student, declared that Lefferts told him that for \$500 he would swear that he sold Miss Potts

was a good-for-nothing fellow, whom they would not

Several persons made affidavits that tended to throw discredit on Mrs. Frenette and her daughter, Ethel Harris, who had said that they knew of Miss Potts's aking morphine. Guillaume Pons, proprietor of the Hotel de Louvre, No. 53 West Twenty-eighth-st., and Mrs. Catherine Sandray, whose husband owns the Hotel Luxembourg, No. 400 Sixth-ave., told of unpaid poard bills of the woman and her family. Pons and one or two others declared that they would not believe Mrs. Frenette or Miss Harris under eath. George Potts, father of the dead girl, made an affidavit hat his daughter was in Pennsylvania all the summer of 1890; that she left Asbury Park before Van Mater's drugstore was opened, and returned after it was

A new affidavit presented by Mr. Howe was made by Dr. Hugh Kinmouth, another A-bury Park druggist, who also said that he sold Miss Potts morphine in the summer of 1890. He declared that he had not made known this alleged fact before because he was a known this alleged fact before because he was a friend of the Fotts family and wished to avoid the notoriety of festifying in the Harris case.

Mr. Howe made affidavit that on June 22, 1890, Williams & Silger, wholesale druggsts, at No. 20 College Place, sold to Van Mater, Lefferts's employer, one-quarter of a pound of gum opium; one thousand quarter-grain morphine pills, and a quantity of the poison in other forms. This was to contradict van Mater's statement about the small amount of morphine he had in his drugstore in the summer of 1890.

C. H. Williams, the assignee of Slegfried West who failed on March 1, said yesterday that Werthelm had not left the city, but was diligently up for Grosvenor, at which the other man became working to straighten out his attaks. At "The exceedingly angry. He came to see her, and was so mad Times" Building, where Werthelm has his office as that he threw her across the room, and threw dresses importer of paper stock and sulphite pulp, the belenging to her worth \$1,000 into clerks say that he is out of town, but is expected him since Thursday. Mr. Williams admitted that he did not know just where Wertheim was. Mr. Williams expects to make a preliminary statement to the creditors within a few days.

Blanche, the youngest daughter of Solomon B. Chl-mann, of Semon, Bache & Co., glass importers in Greenwich-st. It is reported that the marriage gift from the father-in-law was \$60,000. Mr. Uhlmann. when seen yesterday by a Tribune reporter, refused to say anything about his son-in-law. It is under-stood that Mrs. Werthelm is staying with her father. and this gives credence to the report that her husband is not in the city.

well, attributed his present difficulty to unfortunate speculation in Wall-st. This, one of the firm of wales & Co., of No. 74 Brondway, through which he speculated, positively denies. He believes the fall-ure to have been caused by unwise purchases on a margin of India jute butts. Ralli Brothers, of Waterst. and Old Slip, say that Werthelm owes them less than \$100,000, and that they are amply secured. Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., of No. 29 William-st. advanced him about \$50,000 on paper stock, etc., but have warehouse receipts as collateral. The liabilities are

have warehouse receipts as collateral. The habilities are nearly \$500,000.

Blumenstiel & Hirsch obtained yesterday the first attachment sgainst Wertheim, on the ground that he had left the State with intent to defrand his creditors. The attachment is for \$14.25%, in favor of Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., who cashed a check for 60,000 marks for Mr. Wertheim four days before his failure. It was said in the affidavits that it was believed that Mr. Wertheim had gone to Montreal.

AN EXECUTION AND SEVERAL JUDGMENTS.

The Sheriff yesterday received an execution for \$36,-013 against "The Week's Sport" Company, of No. 67 Fifth-ave., which published "Sport, Music and Drama," in favor of William S. Young, on an assigned claim of James M. Waterbury for money advanced from bury, who was looked upon as the backer of the concern, made weekly advances to the company of \$500 to \$1,500. The judgment was entered in the Court of Common Pleas by consent. The company was incorporated on september 20, 1889, with a capital stock of \$10,000.

Three judgments, aggregating \$8,738, were entered vesteriny against the Manhattan Athletic Club in favor of Acker, Merrall & Condit for goods sold and on notes.

The schedules of Allen U. Cock, dealer in under-wear at No. 52 Lispenard st., show lithaties \$38,233, nominal assets, \$30,530; actual assets, \$25,765.

MR. DEVOE TO WORK FOR " GREATER NEW-YORK." Although a hearing has been appointed for to-norrow at Albany by the Joint Committee of the Legislature on the bill for the preposed consollar tion of New-York, Brooklyn and other neighboring places, there has as yet been no organized movement ddents of New York looking to representation at the hearing. Frederick W. Devoe, who is interested in the adoption of the bill, expects to visit Albany on his own account in behalf of the measure, and he says that he will be pleased to have others who may feel as he does about the matter accompany him. Mr. Devoe's office is at the northwest corner of Fulton and William sts. He will be there to-day, and will be glad to receive communications from or welcome In person any who may desire to co-operate with him.
A committee of Brooklyn citizens in favor of consolidation has been organized and will be present before the Joint Committee.

ENGLISHMEN ARRESTED FOR SWINDLING. Two Englishmen, Wyndam William Lewis and

Thomas Henry Lewis, were arrested yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Bernhard, on the Deputy United States Marshal Bernhard, on the charge of misappropriating £145 of the money of the Match Manufacturing Company. Limited, of England. Match Manufacturing Company. Limited, of England. The men are brothers. They were passengers on the Servia under assumed names, and were accompanied by their wives and children. After a hearing before United States Commissioner Shields they were committed to Ludlow Street Jail to await the arrival of evidence from England. THE COURTS.

A VICTORY FOR THE JOCKEY CLUB. EDWARD CORRIGAN CANNOT COMPEL IT TO AC-

CEPT HIS ENTRIES. The Coney Island Jockey Club won a substantial victory yesterday in the suit brought against it by Edward Corrigan in the controversy which arose by the club's refusing to allow Corrigan's horse, Huron, to run in the Futurity race, on August 29, 1891. The victory consists in a decision by the General Term of the Superior Court, upholding the demarrer which the ciub interposed to Corrigan's complaint. This decision is important as defining just the position which such associations as the Coney Island Jockey Club hold

toward the public. When the club refused to allow Corrigan's horse to run for the Futurity Stakes, he secured a mandatory injunction from Judge McAdam, in the Superior Court, ordering the Jockey Club to allow the horse to run. The club obeyed the mandate literally and allowed the horse to run, but rejused to allow bets on signed by Judge Trunx formally dismissing it.

Mrs. Vanderbilt's husband is the son of Capta

After this race, through the influence of the jockey club, the Board of Control of the jockey clubs passed a resolution refusing to allow any of Corrigan's horses to be entered in any races of the clubs which had representatives in the Board of Control. Corrigan a suit to have this resolution rescinded, on the ground that the jockey clubs have certain privileges allowed to them by the State which are granted to no other corporations, and that in consequence of these privileges they are quasi-public institutions, and have no right to discriminate against him. In this contention the court decides against him. The opinion was written by Judge Dugro, and concurred in by Chief Judge Sedgwick. On the principal question involved the Court says:

by Chief Judge Sedgwick. On the principal question involved the Court saye:

It has not been claimed that any duty in the premises was imposed by a specific statutory provision, but it is rather contended a reasoning by analogy from things the court of the application of general principles effected in order to establish principles are quasi-public servorants. The nature of their hashness makes them so, and they are, therefore, bound to serve the public on reasonable terms with impartance of the public on reasonable terms with impartance of the public on reasonable terms with might ality.

The plaintiff claims that similar to that should be considered to be under This claim will not meet with sanition before takes or purses, and if it has not the received of the companies referred. The defendant is a private corporation. If the state the right to offer the sanition between the public offer stakes or purses, and if it has not carried in the remises with any public day, and the hard of the remarkable of the public offer stakes or purses, and if it has not carried to it is the state the right to make and apportaneous to take up the claim and make such disposition of it as it flought proper. Up to this time that Board has granted to it the state the right to make and professions of the entry of a horse to a race is one of the public dates which the defendant is only to the state which the defendant is only to the state of the right imposes upon the decident the fulfilment of a public duty, and that the acceptance of the entry of a horse to a race is one of the public dates which the defendant is only taken away in this state by statute. The results of the public dates which the defendant is only taken away in this state by statute. The register bets and sell pools on the result of the same secondal in the state and the right to make any of the public dates which the defendant is only taken away in this state by statute. The pudgment of a public day, and infament rendered to remain prohibitions of the Excisa law were

In the body of the complaint Corrigan sets up damages for the amount of second money in the Futurity of 1891, but in the demand for judgment nothing about this claim is said. As no demand is made for a money indement the court says that it cannot consider this subject in deciding the question

THE LAWYER WILL NOT LET THE SUIT DIE. The suit in which Mabel E. Dugdale is trying to recover \$50,000 from James B. M. Grosvenor, a re-fred woollen manufacturer and a member of the Union Club, came up for trial, before Chief Judge sedgwick, in the Superior Court yesterday, but was postponed until to-day. The case is in a peculiar condition just at present for the reason that Mr. Grosvenor declares that he has a release from the plaintiff, he having compromised the case with her. But the attorney for the plaintiff declares that he gave notice to the defendant a long time before the alleged compromise was effected that he, as attorney, questily it could not be compromised without his in-terest in the Hilgation being taken care of.

Grosvenor is between fifty and sixty years old. In the complaint the plaintiff declares that while she ton, at No. 29 East Thirty-first st., in November, 1884, she met Grosyenor, and he became extremely attentive to her. She says that she was being courted room, and they were burned up. She became ill nursed her and had his own physicians, Drs. Henry F. Walker and Montague Swift, attend her. tinued his attentions until August, 1895, when he the creditors within a few days.

Went to Europe. She declares that he promised that missing importer two years ago married Miss when he came back from Europe he would marry her. He returned in October of the same year, and she says that at the Hotel Bartholdi she requested him to keep his promise. He replied that he did not want to be tied down. She brought a suit for \$50,000 a short time afterward for breach of promise of mar-

The defendant alleges that the reason for not marrying the plaintiff was that she was a weman of im-moral character, and that she had been guilty of immoral character, and that she had been gain; of improper conduct with numerous other men. Three years after the original complaint was served an amended answer was served in the case in which an agreement of settlement was set up in further delence of the action. This would probably have settled the case had it not been for the fact that the attorney for the plaintiff, Samuel H. Randall, made his claim.

FREDERIC R. COUDERT'S TESTIMONY IS WANTED. The motion to strike from the calendar the contest over the will of Daniel B. Fayerweather was argued before Judge Patterson, in the Sapreme Court special Term, yesterday and decision was reserved. The motion was made by Colonel R. C. James, who appeared for some of the plaintiffs. He said that ssue had not been joined as only twenty-live of the tifty-two defendants had put in answers. When the issue was properly joined he said that the plaintifts intended to move for a jury trial. Ex-Judge William H. Arnoux agued against the

motion because he alleged that the defendants were only trying to delay the case.

John E. Parsons said that there were insinuations in the complaint that Frederic R. Condert, as attorney for Mrs. Fayerweather, had been remiss in his in not calling the attention of his client to the alleged fraudulent nature of the famous deed of girt which the executors made soon after the contest over the will of Mr. Fayerweather was began, and which resulted in the contest's being stopped. In conse-quence of these allegations, Mr. Parsons said, it would be necessary to call Mr. Condert as well as Daniel G. Rollins as witnesses when the case camto trial. There were rumors in the atmosphere, he said, that Mr. Condert was about to go out of the state for some considerable time, and he wanted the case to go on before Mr. Condert went away. Judge Patterson said that he would look at the case, and in took the papers and reserved his decision.

SHE SAID THE MEDIATOR DECEIVED HER. An exceedingly peculiar case, in which Mrs. Libbio Spannochia sued ex-Judge Frederick W. Loew for \$150,000, for false representation, was settled for \$500 before Judge Bookstaver in the Court of Common #500 before Judge Booksfaver in the Court of Common Fleas yesterday. The plaintiff was married in 1872 to Jacob Eurobepoel, who was old then, and was worth nearly \$1,000,000. She was young at the time, and the couple did not get along well. Be fore they had been married long they separated under an agreement. She wanted a divorce, and went up in the State samewhere and secured on the Veryland in the State somewhere and secured one. Mr. Vanderpoel did not put in any defence.

Ex-Judge Loew acted as mediator between the husband and wife. The plaintiff in this suit now declares that when the settlement was made Mr. Loew represented to her that her husband was not worth more than \$85,060. On this information she settled with him for \$10,000, and released her right of dower in his estate. She secured her divorce in 1883, and Mr. Vanderpoel died in the following year It was then for the first time that she discovered she declared, that her husband was worth \$500,000 instead of \$85,000. After getting this information

What is Drudgery? Housekeeping GOLD DUST without

ceiving her about the size of her husband's estate.

The case came up for trial before Judge Book-staver yesterday. John D. Townsend appeared for the

plaintiff, and Joseph H. Choate for the defendant. Mr. Townsend wanted an adjournment. Mr. Choate seemed equally anxious to go on, and Judge Bookstaver said that the case must proceed. Then overtures for a settlement were made by Mr. Townsend. The two lawyers held a consultation, and finally agreed upon \$500 as the price for a compromise.

SHE COMPROMISED WITH HER FATHER-IN-LAW.

The suit in which Mrs. Violet Ward Vanderbilt sought to recover \$100,000 from Captain Jacob Van derbilt for the allenation of her husband's affections has been compromised and discontinued, but all the parties refuse to disclose what the terms of settlement are. The case was on the calendar before Judge Truax, in the Supreme Court, yesterday. When it was called, Colonel E. C. James, who represented the defendant, and A. H. Hummel, who appeared for the plaintiff, handed up consents from all the parties In

to be made on him or to consider the horse as in the race at all. Huron came in second, but the club refused to pay second money to Corrigan.

Mrs. Vanderbilt's husband is the son of Captain Vanderbilt, and she charged her father-in-law with having allemated the affections of the still has a suit pending against her husband for

BITS OF LEGAL NEWS. Letters of administration were granted yesterday to Mrs. Matilda Beatrice De Mille, the widow of Henry C. De Mille, the playwright, on her husband's estate. The Aute amounts to about \$10,500.

Anfro P. Lambrecht and Jane Russell Lambrecht se

cured a verdict for \$11,000 by default against Edward H. House, the writer, in the Supreme Court before Judge Beach yesterday. The plaintiffs alleged that House entered into an agreement with them to produce the play "The Prince and the Pauper," and then refused to allow them to proceed in giving the play. They also declared that Mr. House had agreed to pay half the preliminary expenses of producing it. For the first cause of action they sued for \$10.000, and for the latter they asked for \$4,000. They recovered a vertict for the full amount

S. Schiller, eight manufacturer, at a select. Mrs. Nellie Unger, invested 50 cents each in a lottery ticket. When the drawing took place the ticket which they had bought drew \$15,000 and the money was collected by the firm mentioned, for whom the husband of Mrs. Unger worked. plains on the ground that the money was won in gambling and that the courts would have nothing to do with it. Judge Beach took this view and dismissed the complaint.

BUSINESS IN THE COURT OF APPEALS. Albany, March 6.-These cases were argued in the ourt of Appeals to day :

D. Lohnas agt. William J. Arkell, appellant—Argued by T. F. Hamilton for appellant; A. E. Carroll for respondent.

The Continental Insurance Company, appellant, agt. the Actina Insurance Company, of Hartford—Argued by Elihu Root for appellant; Joseph A. Shoudy for exchondent.

spondent.
The same appellant agt, the Greenwich Insurance on pany Argued by the same.
The same appellant agt, the Phenix Insurance, of resident Argued by the same, etc., agt, Bertrand Brooklyn-Argued by the same,
William M. Martin as trustee, etc., agt. Bertrand
Clover and others, appellants; George W. Hilton and
others agt. Caroline M. S. Weber, appellant; William
H. Erandt agt, Lizzle M. Moses, impleaded, appellant
Subpitted. The calendar for to-morrow 1s Nos. 384, 285, 290, 293, 295, 297, 298, 300.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TUESDAY.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TUESDAY.

Supreme Court-General Term-Before Van Brunt,
P. J. O'Brien and Follett, JJ.—Nos. 39, 44, 45, 57, 58,
59, 60, 61, 64, 68, 70, 72, 73, 74.

Supreme Court Chambers-Before Ingraham, J.—Motion Calendar culled at 11 o'clock,
Supreme Court-Special Term-Part I-Before Patters in J.—Nos. 1921, 2031, 2040, 2044, 2163, 2170,
2179, 802, 1810, 1239, 1570, 1814, 1681, 1517,
2174, 802, 1810, 1239, 1570, 1814, 1681, 1517,
1154, 1256, 1609, 941, 1054, 1175, 853, 2343,
2349, 2361, 1556,
Supreme Court-Special Term-Part II-Before Barrett, J.—Case on, Hurley vs. Miles,
Circuit Court-I-art III-Before Lawrence, J.—Nos.
1991, 2951, 2223, 1500, 1785, 551, 2965, 2966, 2907,
5612, 655, 2630, 2730, 2522, 2642, 5592, 3044,
3025.

Circuit Court-Part I-Before Beach, J.-Cases from Part III.

Circuit Court-Part II-Before Truax, J.-Cases from Part III. Circuit Court-Part IV-Before Andrews, J.-Cases

Circuit Court—Part IV—Before Andrews, J.—Cases from Part III.

Surregate's Court—Trial Term—Before Ransom, S.—Will of Patrick M. Collum, 10:30 a. m.

Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Before Fitzgerald, S.—Motion Calendar called at 10:30 a. m. For Probate—Wills of James Varian, Abble R. Voorhees, Mary Frown, Mary A. Hart, Annie Simon, Caroline Guttentag, Benjamin Hecht, William Schaus, Francis Caragher, John Diefenbacher, Josephine Pollard, Flora P. Whitney, samuel L. Isaacs, Richard H. Jackson, Ether Isaacs, Meinrich Pentzhorn and Katharin Martin, 10:30 a. m.

Common Pleas—General Term—Before Daly, C. J., Bischoff and Pryor, JJ.—Nos. 51, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 35, 37.

Common Pleas—Special Term—Before Glegrich, J—Motions.

Common Pleas—Equity Term—Adjourned for the Common Pleas-Equity Term-Adjourned for the

term.
Comffon Pleas-Trial Term-Part I-Before Book-staver, J.—Case on-Horan vs. Arnolt. No calendar, Common Pleas-Trial Term-Parts II and III-Ad-journed for the term. Superior Court-General Term-Adjourned for the Superior Court—Special Term—Before McAdam, J.—
Superior Court—Special Term—Before McAdam, J.—
Nos. 546, 486, 487, 497, 597, 598, 609, 642, 668,
670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680,
684, 685, 687, 688, 691, 692, 693, 694, 702, 686,
690, 695, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701,
Superior Court—Equity Term—Before Gildersleeve,
J.—Nus. 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224,
225, 226, 227, 228, 25, 179, 51, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87,
88, 100.
Superior Court—Trial Term—Part I—Before Sedg—

58, 100. Superior Court—Trial Term—Part I— Before Sedg— wick, C. J.—Nos. 1791, 1751, 1886, 1872, 1554, 232. 205. Superior court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Freedman, J.—Nos. 1150, 53, 1470, 1713, 1750, 1684, 2826, 1901, 1905, 2211, 1702, 1191. Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Dugre, J.—Nos. 997, 1616, 2589, 1813, 1719, 340, 628, 1712.

City Court-Special Term-Before Fitzsimons, J.-City Court—Special Term—Before Fitzsimons, J.—
Motions.
City Court—Trial Term—Part I—Before Newburger,
J.—Nos. 1181, 523, 1341-1-2, 699, 2335, 1243, 1191,
422, 1703, 1289, 1231, 1250-1402, 851, 1705, 1702, 1707,
1740, 1710, 1205, 852, 349, 1196, 1713, 1720, 1735,
1736, 1738, 1187, 1285, 1824, 1831, 1834, 1838,
1842, 525, 474, 1189, 1230, 702, 1295, 1131, 1239,
1175, 1207, 1122, 406, 814, 1182, 1173, 1217, 2218,
City Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before McCarthy,
J.—Nos. 1850, 930, 1062, 2806, 1441, 299, 1543,
1495, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1765, 1769, 1776, 1778,
1779, 1797, 1800,
City Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before McGown,
J.—Nos. 1498, 1682, 1205, 1684, 1412, 987, 1442,
20, 204, 1613, 917, 1457, 836, 841, 1464, 1465,
700, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731,
1682, 666, 120, 1527, 1615, 246, 1456, 582, 905,
20, 1344, 1313, 1471, 1672, 1476, 1326, 1482,
1322, 655, 878, 1425, 2660,
City Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Ehvlich,
—Steet causes, Nos. 2043, 2044, 2082, 2031,
2091, 2092.
Court of General Sessions—Part I—Before Fitzger.

2001, 2002.
Court of General Sessions—Part I—Before Fitzgerald, J., and Assistant District-Attorney Townsend—
Nos. 1 to 15 inclusive.
Court of General Sessions—Part II—Before Cowing,
J., and Assistant District-Attorney Davis—Nos. 1 to
12 inclusive.
Court of General Sessions—Part III—Refore Smyth.
R., and Assistant District-Attorney Melntyre—Nos. 1
to 12 inclusive.

HER CLOTHES ON FIRE IN THE STREET. Lena Beilmer, an unmarried German servant, in

he employ of Herman Mandel, at No. 104 East Fightieth-st., set fire to her dress as she was at work in the kitchen in the basement of the house yesterday afternoon. She ran into the street with her skirt ablaze. Several men who were passing tore the burning garments from her body, and some body sent a call for the firemen. The firemen called washing Powder.

In ambulance, which carried the woman to the Presbyterian Hospital. She was burned severely on the face and body. The firemen put out the flames, which had started in the kitchen of the house, but the damage there was slight.

Scott's Emulsion

of COD-LIVER OIL, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, is a universal Spring nourishment. It makes the weak strong, and preserves strength in those fortunate enough to possess it. Consumptives, and all whose lungs are weak, can not well get along without it. Thin persons need the flesh it supplies. Those whose blood is impoverished, either by chronic ailments or by the strain of Winter, and children whose energy is sapped by growth, ought to take SCOTT'S EMULSION. In fact, almost everybody needs in the Spring the ready nourishment it furnishes.

The reason for this universal benefit of SCOTT'S EMULSION is in the nature of the preparation. It is a food rich in fat, and is in such a form that the system can utilize its properties without effort. All fat has to be emulsified, or broken up into tiny particles, before it can be assimilated. The fat in SCOTT'S EMULSION is already emulsified, and the oil is made palatable. It is therefore an easy food, and can be taken by persons with weak stomachs. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

REPARED BY SCOTT & BOWNE, N. Y. DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

Frovident Savings Life

Assurance Society of New York, SHEPPARD HOMANS, Capital, \$100,000.

Financial Statement for the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1892.

Income, Paid Policy-holders, 1,287,010.28 605,215.00 681,795.23 Assets. Liabilities, 4% standard, . Surplus, New Ins. written, . Insurance in force, um, but nevertholess closes its eighteenth year without a single pproved death claim unpaid, and with the

It is simply impossible to devise a better combination of security, equity and moderate cost than is contained in the Renewable Term Policies of this Company. All Desirable Forms of Insurance Written.

CHARLES E. WILLARD, WM. E. STEVENS, HOME OFFICE, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE VANTINE-RAYMOND COLLECTION

Superb Antique Carpets, Rugs and SALE COMMENCING TO-DAY,

and continues Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

THE FIFTH AVENUE ART GALLERIES.

In the Sale of to-day are many of the choicest specimens of Ghiorde Anatolia, Ladik, Samarkand, Kuba and Ishpahan, among which are the following numbers:

623, 650, 660, 640, 652, 671, 673, 674. Your attention is particularly invited to the inspection of same.

ROBT. F. SOMERVILLE,

366 FIFTH AVENUE

CONDITION OF THE SAVINGS BANKS.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE INSTITUTIONS IN THIS CITY, KINGS COUNTY AND THE STATE.

Albany, March 6.—The total resources and liabili-iles of the twenty-five savings banks in New-York

The resources and Habilitles of the fourteen savings

The resources and Habilities of the fourteen savings banks in Kings County were:
Resources—Bonds and mortgages, \$40,883,080; stock investments (market value), \$60,971,465; amount toaned on stocks, \$19,000; banking houses and lots estimated value, \$1,262,263; other real estate (estimated value, \$241,054; cash on deposit, \$9,542,715; cash on hand, \$1,216,265; other assets, \$1,234,011; total, \$121,369,856.
Liabilities—Amount due depositors, \$105,947,231; surplus, \$15,387,048; other liabilities, \$35,576; total, \$121,369,856.
Supplementary—Number of open accounts January

\$121,369,850.
Supplementary—Number of open accounts January
1, 1893, \$279,052; amount deposited last year,
\$36,640,001; amount withdrawn last year, \$35,223,315;
salaries paid daring the year, \$234,901; other expenses for the year, \$33,661.

The 124 savings banks in the State showed resources and liabilities on January 1, as follows:

sources and liabilities on January 1, as follows:
Resources—Eands and mortgages, \$293,971,248;
stock Investments (market value), \$348,148,807;
amount toaned on stocks, \$3,123,781; banking houses
and lots (estimated value), \$8,006,259; other real
e-tate (estimated value), \$2,513,067; cash on deposit,
\$47,325,389; cash on hand, \$7,380,829; amount
tamed on unauthorized collaterals, \$33,949; other
assets, \$7,800,129; total, \$715,454,662.
Liabilities—Amount due depositors, \$029,358,273;
supplus, \$88,752,143; other Habilities, \$343,945; total,
\$718,444,692.
supplementary—Number of open accounts on January 1, 1,593,804; amount deposited last year, \$211,
459,520; amount withdrawn last year, \$144,128,406;
interest paid during the year, \$21,279,956; salaries
paid last year, \$1,430,409; other expenses during
the year, \$626,528.



Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The nany, who live better than others, and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the

form most acceptable and pleasant to the tasto the refrushing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipution. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them, and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in

50c. and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

City on January 1 were as follows:

Resources—Bonds and mortgages. \$159,751,567; stock investments (market value). \$192,435,668; amount loaned on stocks, \$2,730,400; banking houses and lots (estimated value). \$4,307,000; other real estate testimated value). \$701,609; cash on deposit, \$21,082,459; cash on hand, \$4,329,389; other assets, \$3,791,535; total, \$390,079,630.

Liabilities—Anount due depositors, \$340,406,930; surplus, \$49,670,719; other liabilities, \$1,981; total, \$300,079,630.

Supplementary—Number of open accounts January 1, 1893, 815,280; amount deposited list year, \$77,411,477; amount withdrawn dast year, \$22,630,434; salaries paid last year, \$733,024; other expenses for the year, \$297,760.

The resources and liabilities of the fourteen savings.

THE OLD RELIABLE HOUSE.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR CO. FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

47 AND 49 WEST 14TH ST.

Wilhelm&Graef BROADWAY & 26th ST. > China, Glass and Pottery

DPIUM Morphine Mabit Cured in It DPIUM to 25 days. No pay till cured. DPIUM Dr. J. Siephens, Lebanes, C.

The Rapid Transit Committee of the Manhattan Elevated road held a meeting yesterday and agreed upon several modifications to the plans originally sub-mitted by them to the Rapid Transit Commissioners. Members of the committee declined to say in what Members of the committee declined to say in what
manner the plans had been changed, is it would be
improper for them to speak until the Commissioners
made the proposals public. It is understood that
the modifications, while not sweeping, are in line
with the suggestions made by the Commissioners
when the Manhattan Company's original proposals
were returned to the committee.

RESULTS OF COURTSHIP AT SEA.

The voyages of the Servia and La Breingne word periods of courtship for two happy couples. Marin Wendling and Edward Lesser, who came over in the steerage of La Bretagne, were married yesterday by the Rev. Mr. Berkemeler, and at the same hour Per Person and Wieta Larsen, recently of sweden, and now "at home" in the United States, were married by the Rev. Mr. Petersen. Mr. and Mrs. Person were passengers on the Servia.

IN INJURED PASSENGER SUES FOR DAMAGES. Victor Sciana, one of the steerage passengers who was injured on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, will bring a suit for \$10,000 against the North German Lloyd Company. The Kaiser Wilhelm II, which arrived from Genoa a week ago, experienced some exceedingly rough weather. A piece of iron fell from the bridge, striking Sciena's leg, and breaking it, several other passengers were injured by being thrown about by the lurching of the vessel.

William J. Cole, a real estate dealer at No. 65 Broadway, who lives at No. 855 Columbus ave., was called as a juror, before Judge Truax, in the Supreme Court, yesterday. He wanted to be excused because his nineteenth child had the croup, and his twenty-

first child was not feeling well.
"You do not mean to say that you have nineteen children, do you?" said Judge Truax.
"Yes, "Your Honor," he replied, "I have tw